IMPORTANT PERSONS IN PAPER-II

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1	Otto von Bismarck	From 1862 to 1873 as prime minister of Prussia and from 1871 to 1890 as Germany's first Chancellor. Triple Alliance, secret agreement between Germany, Austria-Hungary, and Italy formed in May 1882;
2	Marfa Vasileva	A brave woman worker; A milling machine operator: Who organized a successful strike on her own capacity for bread and peace;
3	Michael Mikhailovich	A grandson of Tsar Nicholas I of Russia; He lost his fortune with the fall of the Russian monarchy in 1918;
4	Sir Stafford Cripps	He was a British Labour politician; In March 1942 the British government to secure full Indian cooperation and support for their efforts in World War II sent a mission; It was headed by Cripps;
5	Eric Hobs Bawm	20 th Century is 'The Age Of Extremes'.
6	A.F.Ferdinand	Austrian Prince; Murdered by a Serbian On 28 June 1914.
7	Tsar Nicholas -II	Last Tsar of Russia
8	Vladimir Lenin	Leader of Bolsheviks
9	Joseph Stalin	Started Five Year Plans; Collectivisation agriculture Forms
10	Fedor Belov	"The History of Soviet Collective Farms" Writer
11	George Orwell	'Animal Farm' Book Writer
12	Woodrow Wilson	President of U.S.A In 1st WW; Founder of "League Of Nations"
13	J.M Keynes	Famous Economist
14	F.Roosevelt	President of U.S.A In 2 st Ww: New Deal Polocy;
15	Hitler	Founder of Nazi Party; Dictator of Germany; 1933-1945
16	Hjalmar Schacht	Hitler Assigned The Responsibility of Economic Recovery
17	Mussoliny	Founder of Fascism in Italy; Dictator of Italy;
18	Sun-Yat-Sen	Founder of Modern Chaina;
19	Chiang Kai Sheik	Leader of 'Guomidang' Party After Sun -Yat-Sen;
20	Mao Ze Dong	CCP Leader; CCP Established In 1921; Long March 1934-36
21	Colons	French Citizens Living in Vietnam
22	Hochi Minh	Founder of "Vietnamese Communist Party". (Vietnam Cong San Dang) This is renamed as Indo- Chinese Communist Party;
23	Bao dai	Puppet emperor of French in Vietnam
24	Ngo Dinh Diem	Old Emperor Of Vietnam; Ruler Of South Vietnam
25	Kwame Nkrumah	Pan africanism
26	N Namdi Azikiwe	Founder of NYM (Nigerian Youth Movement)
27	Ken Saro Wiwa	Human Right Activist and environmentalist:

28	Herbert Macaulay	Founder of NNDP (Nigeria National Democratic Party)
29	M.A.Jinnah	Leader of Muslim League
30	Mohammad Eqbal	"Sare Jahan Se Acha" Song Writer
31	Choudary Rehmat Ali	The person who coined the name "PAKISTHAN"
32	Winston Churchill	President Of England (Britain) In 2 nd WW.
33	Jaya Prakash Narayan	socialist leader in India
34	Subash Chandra Bose	INA (Indian National Army)
35	Nathuram Godse	Assassinated Gandhi 30-01-1948: Member of Hindu Maha Sabha
36	Sardar Patel	Unification of princely states: First home minister of India
37	Dr.B.R.Ambedkar	Chairman of Drafting Committee; First Law Minister of India
38	Babu Rajendra Prasad	Chairman of Constitution Assembly; First President of India
39	Moulana Hasrat Mohani	He Argued That The Indian Constitution Is Merely A Copy Of The 1935 Act;
40	D.S.Seth	Too much centralisation of power takes it towards fascist ideals;
41	Promatha Rajan Thakur	Untouchability is nothing but the symptom of the disease,namely the caste system.
42	Rohini Kumar Choudary	Untouchability means any act committed in exercise of discrimination on grounds of religion, caste or lawful voeation of life;
43	Jawaharlal Nehru	"On 26-01-1950 we are going to enter a life of contradictions."
44	Fazal Ali	Chairman of SRC (state reorganization commission -1953 oct)
45	Potti Sriramulu	Made hunger strike for separate Andhra state in 1952
46	K.M.Panikkar, & Hridayanadh kunzru	Members of SRC
47	Lal Bahudur Sasthri	Prime minister after death of Nehru (Third)
48	Indira Gandhi	Fourth P.M in 1966 after death of sasthri : Garibihatao slogan
49	M.G.Ramachandran	Leader of DMK; Film actor;
50	Shaik Abdullah	Leader of national conference in J&K
51	Mujibur Rahman	Wrote A Letter To C.M Of M.P Digvijay Singh
52	J.B.Kripalani	The person who brought all anti- congressman, anti emergency politicians together to fight in 1977 elections.
53	Neelam Sanjeeva reddy	6 th lok sabha speaker; 6 th president of INDIA;
54	Morarji Desai	First non congress Prime minister
55	NTR	Founder of TDP in 1982;" Telugu Aathma Gouravam "slogan
56	Bindran Wale	Leader of the Sikh militants

57	Sant Langowal	SAD president (Siromani akali dal)
58	Rajiv Gandhi	Out of every rupee spent on poor barely 15 paisa reached them;
		Initiated Telecom Revolution
59	Shah Bano	Filed a case on her ex-husband
60	Mahendra Singh Tikayait	Leader of farmers agitation in Uttar Pradesh and Haryana
61	Sharad Joshi	Leader of farmers agitation in Maharashtra
62	V.P.Singh	Led the National Front government
63	Jyothi Basu	Formed the 'Left front' government in West Bengal in 1977 Led by CPI(M)
64	P.V.Narasimharao	Prime Minister of India from 1991-1996; 73,74 constitutional amendments (Local self governments); Economic reforms; liberalization policy-1992.
65	L.K.Advani	Led 'Radhayatra'-1990 from Somenath to Ayodhya; BJP leader;
66	Rabindranath tagore	He was a Bengali poet of India. He was also a philosopher and an artist. He wrote many stories, novels, poems and dramas.
67	Fidel Castro	Leader of Cuban revolution; revolution against American backed government; President from 1958 to 2005;
68	Cheguevera	Revolution against American backed govts. in Latin America;
69	S.Allende	Led an agitation in Chile;
70	Yuri Gagarian	The first human (man) in space in the world; From Russia;
71	Neil Armstrong	The first human (man) stepped on moon of U.S.A- 29-july-1969
72	Nehru-Nasser-Tito	Founders of NAM
73	Gamel Abdul Nasser	President of Egypt; Nationalised suez canal; formed fidayeens
74	Yasser Arafat	Leader of PLO (Palestine liberation army)
75	Saddam hussain	Came in to power in 1968; Slogans are Nationalism and Socialism;
76	Mikhail Gorbachev	The last president of U.S.S.R; reforms Glasnost and perestroika;
77	Ayub khan	Military dictator of Pakistan in 1965;
78	Yahya khan	Military dictator of Pakistan in 1970;
79	Zulfikar Ali Bhutto	Prime minister of Pakistan in 1972; Simla agreement with Indira Gandhi;
80	Martin luther king	Leader of civil rights movement in U.S.A; "I have a dream" lecture.
81	Alexander Solzhenitsyn	Famous writer; Human rights movements' leader in USSR.
82	Anil agarwal	Founder of CSE (centre for science and environment)
83	Madha patkar	Famous writer; leader of NBA (Narmada bachao andolan): slogan is "The struggle cannot be over unless the goals are attained".
84	Tangajam manorama	The person custodial death in Manipur;
85	Irom sharmila	Hunger strike since 2003 to revoke the act of AFSPA;
86	B.P. Jeevan reddy	Judge, who appointed by govt. of India look into possibilities of revoking the act of AFSPA.
87	Gandhi	If I am to die by the bullet of a mad man, I must do so smile.
88	Harry Truman	"we emerged from war as the most powerful nation in the world"
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89	K. M.Munshi	an Indian independence movement activist, politician, writer and educationist.
90	Robert Ley	a Nazi politician and head of the German Labour Front .
91	Patrice Lumumba	The first democratically elected leader of the Congo; Communist leader of Congo;
92	Shaukat Usmani	Historic Trips of a Revolutionary
93	Dubagunta Rosamma	Anti-liquor agitation in the 1990s in Andhra Pradesh;
94	andrei sakharov	a Russian nuclear physicist, Soviet dissident, an activist for disarmament, peace and human rights.
95	Maulana Abul	The greatest Urdu writers of the 20th century; Maulana azad first
	Kalam Azad	education minister of India
96	U Thant	who served as Secretary-General of the United Nations from 1961-71
97	Boris yeltsin	a Russian politician and the first President of the Russian Federation,
00	-	serving from 1991 to 1999; The founding leader of Bandledesh
98 99	Sk. Mujibur Rahman Hari singh	The founding leader of Bangladesh. Last ruling the princely state of Jammy and Kashmir in India
99	Hari singii	Last ruling the princely state of Jammu and Kashmir in India The last viceroy of Pritish India: First governor general of
100	lord Mountbatten	The last viceroy of British India; First governor general of independent India.
101	Surendranath Banerjee	The earliest Indian political leaders during the British rule; Banerjee
101		supported the Morley-Minto reforms 1909
	Manabendra Nath Roy (M. N. Roy)	Roy was a founder of the Mexican Communist Party and the
102		communist party of India. He was also a delegate to congresses of the
		communist international;
103	B.p.mandal	Indian parliamentarian; The chairman of the second backward classes'
		commission (popularly known as the Mandal commission).
104	Florence Owens	Was the subject of Dorothea Lange's famous photo Migrant
		Mother (1936), an iconic image of the Great Depression
105	Dorothea Lange	aninfluentialAmerican documentary photographer and photojournalist, best known for her Depression-era work
40-	D 1 11 11	A Russian painter and stage designer; The Bolshevik, painting by
106	Boris Kustodiev	Boris Kustodiev;
	N.Bhaskararao	when NTR was away in the US to undergo a heart surgery Congress
107		(I) gave support to Bhaskara Rao's group, He became CM of Andhra
		Pradesh for a brief period in 1984;
108	Jagajjeevan ram	A Union Minister, freedom fighter and Dalit leader;
109	H.D.Deva gowda	The Prime Minister of India from June 1996 to April 1997;
110	Charan singh	The Prime Minister of the Republic of India, serving from 28 July
111	Il Guirol	1979 until 14 January 1980. The Prime Minister of India from April 1997 to Merch 1998:
111	I k Gujral	The Prime Minister of India from April 1997 to March 1998;
112	V.P.Singh	7th Prime Minister of India 1989-90; Implemented the recommendations of the Mandal Commission;
113	Kesavananda bharathi	Most referred name in the Indian Constitutional Law. His case a
		landmark decision of the Supreme Court of India that outlined the
		Basic Structure doctrine of the Constitution.
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