

G 016 E
DISTRICT COMMON EXAMINATION BOARD
PRE-PUBLIC EXAMINATIONS - 2014 - 2015
SOCIAL STUDIES - Paper - I

(Geography & Economics)

(English Medium)

PART - A

Class : X]

(Max. Marks : 35)

[Time : 2 Hrs.

SECTION - I (Marks : 10)

Note : 1. Answer any FIVE of the following questions, choosing atleast two from each group A & B.

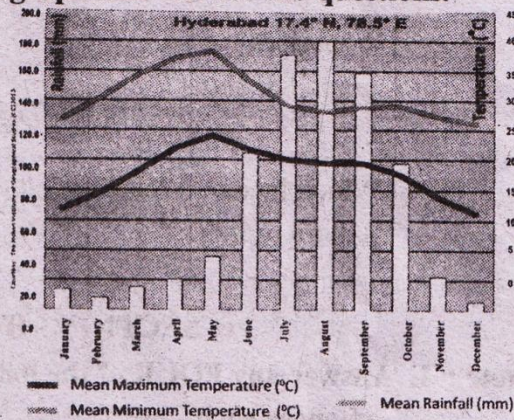
2. Each question carries 2 Marks.

Group - A

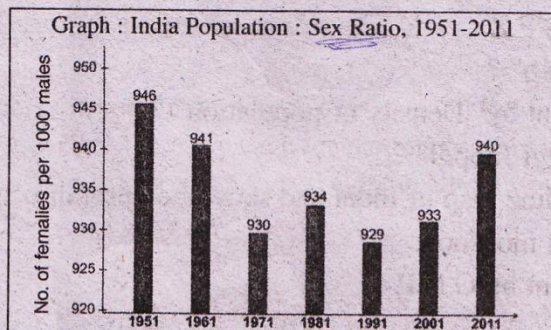
1. How does the rivers helpful to human life ?
2. "Most children of migrant families become drop - outs." Do you agree with this statement ? Justify your answer.
3. Observe the following climograph and answer the questions.

i) Which month received highest rainfall ?

ii) Which months experience highest and lowest temperature.



4. Observe the following bar graph and answer the following questions.



[Turn Over

- i) What is Sex Ratio ?
- ii) In which year India experiences the highest difference in Sex Ratio.

Group - B

5. What main criterion is used by the world bank in classifying different countries ? What are the limitations of the above criterion, if any ?
6. How does organic farming helps in Environmental protection.
7. Observe the following table and answer the following questions.

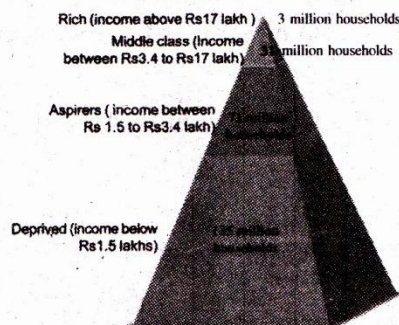
Daily Wages for different farm activities in Andhra Pradesh in December 2011 (in Rupees)								
Workers	Ploughing	Sowing	Weeding	Trans-planting	Harvest-ing	Winnow-ing	Threshing	Picking Cotton
Male	214	197	215	---	164	168	152	---
Female	---	152	130	143	126	124	118	136

- i) Which activities the males are not involved ?
- ii) Why do you think that females are paying less ?

8. Observe the following and answer the following questions.

- i) What does the graph tell about ?

- ii) Which income group is more in India ?



SECTION - II (Marks : 4)

Note : 1. Answer any FOUR of the following questions in one or two sentences each.

2. Each question carries 1 Mark.

9. Abbreviate S.E.Z.
10. What is "Doab" ?
11. What is meant by "Density of population" ?
12. What is "Juggi Jhopdi" ?
13. Draw an outline map of India and show the onset direction of South - West monsoon.
14. What is meant by G.N.P. ?

[Contd...3rd

SECTION - III (Marks : 16)

Note : 1. Answer any **FOUR** of the following questions, choosing atleast two from each group A & B.

2. Each question carries 4 Marks.

Group - A

15. If the Himalayas would have not been in its present position how would be the climatic conditions of the Indian Sub - Continent ?
16. How human activities contribute to Global warming ?
17. Medical research shows that given similar circumstances, girl children survive much better than boys. Hence if there was no discrimination, the number of girls should be higher or as much as boys. From the census survey, we get another indicator. In India, 103 female babies are born against 100 male babies. However, more female babies die than male babies. The census shows that in the age group 0-5, the number of girls who survive is much lower than boys. This can only happen if there is some discrimination in their care and nutrition because otherwise the physical chance of survival is better for girls.
Q) Read the above paragraph and write your own opinion.
18. Current laws on ground water use are inappropriate because the basic link between access to groundwater and land ownership on which these rules are based are flawed. Since groundwater has to be extracted from the land above, a link was established between land ownership and control. The water drawn from the underground system was assumed to be 'owned' by the landowner. This implies that groundwater is mostly controlled by individuals that own the land. Land owners were not restricted in the amount of water they can take out.
Q) Suggest some appropriate instructions in the law for the better consumption of ground water.

Group - B

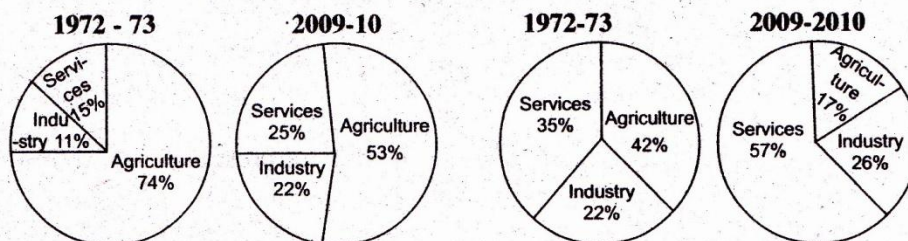
19. What is the percapita income of Himachal Pradesh ? Do you think higher incomes can make it easier for parents to send children to school ? Discuss. Why was it necessary for government to run schools in Himachal Pradesh.

[Turn Over

20. Look at the below pie charts and fill the following table.

Sectoral shares of employment

Shares of three sectors GDP



Sector	Employment (%)		Gross Domestic Product (%)	
	1972-73	2009-10	1972-73	2009-10
Agriculture	74%	53%	42%	17%
Industry	11%	22%	22%	26%
Services	15%	25%	35%	57%

21. 'Most children of migrant families become drop outs.' Do you agree with this statement ? Justify your answer.
22. Over the years, although there has been increase in production of other food items, it is not sufficient to meet the minimum dietary requirements. Nutritionists suggest that every person in India should eat 300 grams of vegetables and 100 grams of fruits in a day whereas per person availability of these food materials is 180 and 58 grams respectively. Similarly per person requirement of eggs is 180 whereas the availability of eggs is 30. The meat dietary requirements are 11 kilograms per year whereas the per person availability is only 3.2 kilograms. We require 300 millilitres of milk whereas the per person availability is 210 millilitres a day.
- Q) Read the above paragraph and comment on the relationship of food production and food availability.

SECTION - IV (Marks : 5)

23. Locate the following in the given Indian map.

- a) 1) Indira Point 2) Simla 3) River Narmada
4) Aravalli Hills 5) Circar Coast

(Or)

- b) 1) River Godavari 2) Indian Ocean 3) K₂
4) Nilagiri's 5) Islands emerged by Volcanic eruptions

Regd. No.

G 016 E (A)

Marks :

**DISTRICT COMMON EXAMINATION BOARD
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SOCIAL STUDIES - Paper - I

(Geography & Economics)

(English Medium)

PART - B

Class : X]

(Max. Marks : 15)

[Time : $\frac{1}{2}$ Hr.

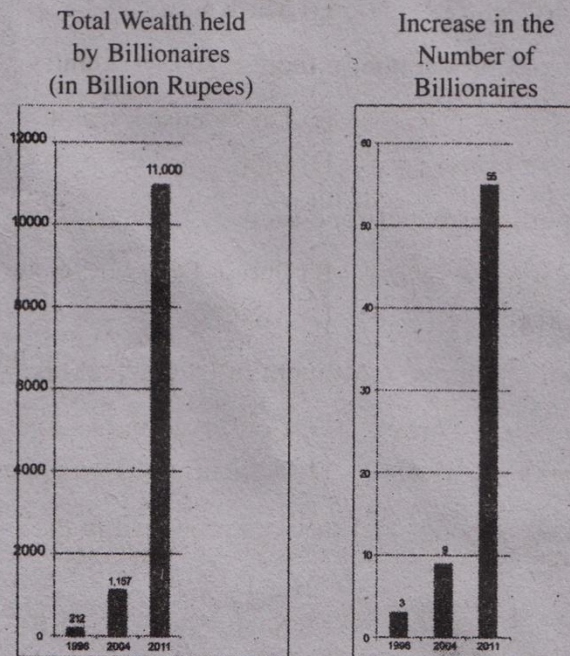
I. Choose the correct answer from the following four choices and write the answer in the brackets given below. $20 \times \frac{1}{2} = 10$

1. The time difference between IST and GST is [].
A) 5 Hrs. B) $5\frac{1}{2}$ Hrs. C) 6 Hrs. D) $4\frac{1}{2}$ Hrs
2. Which of the following belongs to unorganised sector [].
A) Banks B) Govt. Schools
C) Cultivation by small farmer D) Railways
3. River Brahmaputra rises from _____ in Kailas range [].
A) Trayambak B) Nasik
C) Manas Sarovar D) Mt. Kailas
4. _____ controls production in more than one country [].
A) Public sector B) Unorganised sector
C) National company D) MNC
5. Government ensures better food security through [].
A) Private company B) Public Distribution system
C) Super markets D) MNC's
6. The main aim of Chipko movement in Uttarakhand is _____ [].
A) Conservation of Forests B) Conservation of Land
C) Conservation of River D) Agricultural Development
7. The total value of goods and services produced in the country is [].
A) GNP B) MNP C) NDP D) GDP

[Turn Over

8. Which of the following sentence is incorrect []
- A) Temperate zones are closer to Equator
 - B) The southern part to Tropic of cancer lies in temperate zone
 - C) The temperature on earth depends on Insolation
 - D) The annual average temperatures rises gradually from equator to poles.
9. IPCC means []
- A) International Police Organisation
 - B) International Organisation on Cultivation
 - C) Inter-Governmental Panel on Climate Change
 - D) International Policy on Seashores
10. Minimum Support Price means []
- A) Consumer price
 - B) Price paid by farmers to purchase fertilizers
 - C) Price paid by govt. to purchase the agricultural products from farmers
 - D) Price paid by the wholesalers and middlemen to purchase the agricultural products from farmers

With the help of following graphs answer the questions 11 and 12



[Contd...3rd

11. Find the number of billionaires increased from 2004 to 2011 []
A) 9 B) 12 C) 55 D) 46
12. The increase of Billionaires in 2011 shows []
A) Decrease in the number of poor people
B) Lesser economic inequalities
C) National development
D) Increase in the number of Billionaires
13. What is the reason for not reaching govt. food supplies to the BPL families. []
A) Faults in PDS B) Lack of government monitoring
C) Black marketing D) All of these
14. Which of the country is not a part in Indian sub continent []
A) Pakistan B) China
C) Mynmar D) Bangladesh
15. Which of these is not a Himalayan River []
A) Ganges B) Sindhu C) Chambal D) Brahmaputra
16. Food security means []
A) Availability of food B) Accessibility of food
C) Affordability of food D) All of these
17. Which state of India records highest number of remittances []
A) Andhra Pradesh B) Madhya Pradesh
C) Uttara Pradesh D) Kerala
18. What is the reason for the increase in urbanization in the recent times []
A) Better facilities in towns
B) Villagers migrating to urban areas to get Education and Employment
C) Lack of employment, Education and Medical facilities in rural areas
D) People shows interest to live in urban areas

[Turn Over

19. You have a buffer stock of food grains. What would you do when famine occurs ? []
- A) Purchase more food grains to store
 B) Sell the buffer stocks at high rates
 C) Write a letter to the government for seeking help
 D) Distribute the excess stocks to the needy
20. How would you decide the nativity of a person []
- A) Birth place
 B) Birth place of parents
 C) Residential place where he lives long
 D) All the above

II. Fill in the blanks.

$$5 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

21. The state where the sun rises last is _____
22. The pre-monsoon showers occurring on the coastal regions of Kerala and Karnataka are _____
23. _____ is the better indicator of growth and development than GDP.
24. HDI Rank of India in 2013 is _____
25. Indian population according to 2011 census is _____

III. Match the following.

$$5 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

Group - A

Group - B

- | | | |
|--|----------|----------------|
| 26. $82\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ East longitude | [] | A) Meghalaya |
| 27. Brahmaputra River | [] | B) Kerala |
| 28. National Food Security Act | [] | C) Tsangpo |
| 29. Deccan plateau | [] | D) Kakinada |
| 30. Ban of chemical fertilizers | [] | E) 2014 |
| | | F) 2013 |
| | | G) Black Soils |
| | | H) Red Soils |

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(History & Political Life)
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PART - A

Class : X]

(Max. Marks : 35)

[Time : 2 Hrs.

SECTION - I (Marks : 10)

Note : Answer any FIVE of the following questions, choosing atleast two from each group A & B.

Group - A

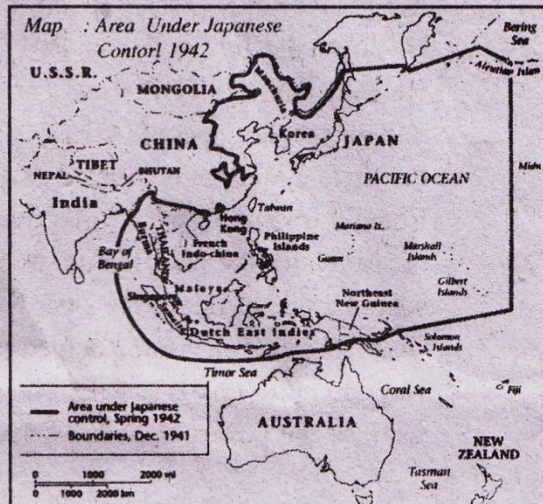
1. Observe the adjacent time line and answer the following questions.

- i) What is the main reason for the outbreak of World War - II ?
- ii) Which country did Hitler belong to ?
- iii) Who were killed in Auschwitz camps ?
- iv) When did World War - II end ?



2. Observe the adjacent map and answer the following questions.

- i) Which neighbouring country of India was occupied by Japan ?
- ii) What is Dutch East India called now ?
- iii) Most of the area under control of Japan is a part of which ocean ?
- iv) Was India under control of Japan ?



[Turn Over

3. The British were desperate with the Indian people revolting against their rule. They looked for ways to punish the Congress and weaken its hold over the people. The British actively raised doubts about the right of the Congress to represent the people of the country. Now, they followed the 'Divide and Rule Policy' more vigorously.

Towards this end, the British government supported and encouraged the plans of the Muslim League and downplayed the importance of the Congress. It is in these years that the Muslim League and its leaders like M A Jinnah became more active in mass politics.

- Q) Read the above paragraph and comment on the British policy "Divide and Rule".
4. Make a table to show relation between India and neighbouring countries i.e., China and Pakistan with the following items : issues of conflict, events of war, events of help and co-operation.

Group - B

5. Write four salient features in Indian Federal system.
6. **Read the below paragraph and comment.**

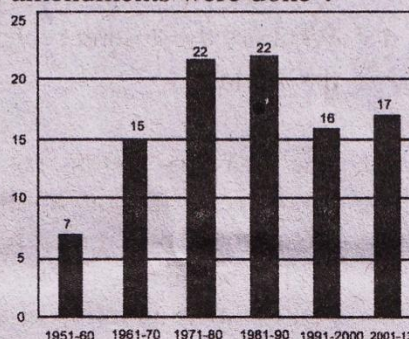
In Andhra Pradesh, the frequent change of Chief Ministers by the central Congress leadership and the imposition of leaders from above created a bad taste. There was a feeling that the Andhra Pradesh leadership was not getting respect from the national Congress leadership. This was perceived as an insult to the pride of the Telugu people. N T Rama Rao (NTR), popular film actor, chose to take up this cause. He began the Telugu Desam Party (TDP) on his 60th birthday in 1982. He said that the TDP stood for the honour and self respect of the Telugu speaking people (*Teluguvari atma gauravam*). He argued that the State could not be treated as a lower office of the Congress party. Equally important were his promise of some very important welfare measures for the poor including midday meal scheme in government schools, sale of rice at Rs 2 per Kg to the poor and liquor prohibition. These populist measures helped the TDP sweep the 1982 elections.

7. How do you think RTI would help in improving and monitoring the work of the governments.

[Contd...3rd

8. Observe the following bar graph and answer the following questions.

- i) In which year highest number of amendments were done ?
- ii) What is constitutional amendment ?
- iii) How many amendments were done till 2013.
- iv) How many times the constitution amended in between the years 1951 - 60.



SECTION - II (Marks : 4)

Note : Answer any FOUR of the following questions.

9. Write about two main objectives of "Narmada Bacho Andolan"
10. Write two benefits of Lok Adalat
11. What is emergency ?
12. Expand W.H.O.
13. What is "great depression" ?
14. Mark the following.

1) Hyderabad

2) Junaghad in the Indian outline map.



SECTION - III (Marks : 16)

Note : Answer any FOUR of the following questions, choosing atleast two from each group A & B.

Group - A

15. Do you find the presence of aggressive nationalism, imperialism, power blocks and militarism around us today too ? Give examples and discuss.
16. Compare the national movement in India and Nigeria. Can you explain why it was stronger in India ?

[Turn Over

17. Appreciate the role of Subhash Chandra Bose in Indian freedom movement.
18. What are the different roles done by UNO in order to build peace in the world ?

Group - B

19. The Constitution thus has many provisions facilitating social change. You have read about abolition of Untouchability. The best example of this is the provision for reservations for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes in the Constitution. The makers of the Constitution believed that the mere granting of the right to equality was not enough to overcome age-old injustices suffered by these groups or to give real meaning to their right to vote. Special Constitutional measures were required to advance their interests. Therefore the Constitution makers provided a number of special measures to protect the interests of Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes such as the reservation of seats in legislatures. The Constitution also made it possible for the government to reserve public sector jobs for these groups.

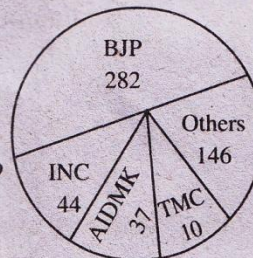
Q) Read the above paragraph and comment about the measures taken by Indian constitution for social change.

20. How are rights of black people in USA and Meira Paibi movements similar or different ?
21. In the early half of India after independence there was importance given to planned development. In the later part emphasis was given to liberalisation. Discuss and find out how does it reflect political ideals ?

22. Results of General Elections - 2014.

Analyse the pie diagram and answer the following questions.

- i) Which party formed government ?
- ii) What are the total number of Lok Sabha seats ?
- iii) BJP means ?
- iv) What is the criterion for forming government ?



SECTION - IV (Marks : 5)

23. Locate the following in the given World map.

- | | | |
|---------------|------------|----------|
| a) 1) England | 2) U.S.A. | 3) Japan |
| 4) Vietnam | 5) Nigeria | |

(Or)

- | | | |
|--------------------|--------------|---------------|
| b) 1) South Africa | 2) Italy | 3) Bangladesh |
| 4) China | 5) Australia | |

This micrograph shows a normal ovum, which is a large, clear, circular cell. A single, smaller polar body is visible as a distinct dark spot near the center of the ovum.

PART - B

[Time : $\frac{1}{2}$ Hr.

$$20 \times \frac{1}{2} = 10$$

- [Turn Over**

7. The people of Nigeria fought against []
A) French B) Dutch
C) British D) Americans
8. The work of the integration of Native states was done by []
A) Ambedkar
B) Subhash Chandra Bose
C) Gandhiji
D) Sardar Vallabhai Patel
9. The prominent cause of cold war was []
A) The rivalry among colonial powers
B) Ideological difference between super powers
C) The rivalry among industrialized countries
D) The non-agreement to the disarmament policy
10. First Indian satellite _____ []
A) Chandrayan - I B) Mangalyan
C) Apollo D) Aryabhata
11. What type of government system does India falls under ? []
A) Monarchy system B) Presidential system
C) Central system D) Parliamentary system
12. The chairman of constitutional drafting committee []
A) Babu Rajendra Prasad B) B.R. Ambedkar
C) K.M. Munshi D) Jawaharlal Nehru
13. First Non-congress Prime Minister in India []
A) A. B. Vajpayee B) Murarji Desai
C) Deva Gowda D) I. K. Gujral
14. _____ party led anti - Hindi agitation in south []
A) DMK B) TDP
C) CPI D) AIDMK

15. _____ assassinated Rajeev Gandhi []
A) Maoists B) Taliban militants
C) Sikhs militants D) LTTE
16. Who was the founder of Telugu Desam Party []
A) Y.S. Rajasekhara Reddy B) N. Chandrababu Naidu
C) K. Chandrasekhar Rao D) N.T. Rama Rao
17. _____ Act had given army to arrest or even shoot people simply under suspicion of being involved in anti - national activities []
A) RTI Act B) AFSPA
C) Human Rights Act D) Civil Rights Act
18. The famous speech "I have a dream" given by []
A) Malcom Ex B) Martin Luther King
C) Andrei Sakharov D) Solz Nitsin
19. According to RTI, every department must have the following officer []
A) Grama Sevak B) Election Officer
C) Public Information Officer D) Mayor
20. RTI was passed in the year []
A) 2003 B) 2004
C) 2005 D) 2006

II. Fill in the blanks.

$$5 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

21. The expansion of NATO is _____
22. Slient valley movement took place in _____ state.
23. India fought with Pakistan to liberate _____
24. The women of Dubagunta fought against _____
25. _____ formed Guo mindang.

[Turn Over

III. Match the following.

$$5 \times \frac{1}{2} = 2\frac{1}{2}$$

Group - AGroup - B

- | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| 26. Formation of UNO | [] | A) 1905 |
| 27. Germany attack on Poland | [] | B) 1919 |
| 28. Formation of League of Nations | [] | C) 1917 |
| 29. Russian Revolution | [] | D) 1915 |
| 30. Bloody sunday | [] | E) 1939 |
| | | F) 1906 |
| | | G) 1944 |
| | | H) 1945 |