DISTRICT COMMON EXAMINATION BOARD
SUMMATIVE - ASSESSMENT - I (2015-16)
SOCIAL STUDIES - Paper - I (English Medium)

Class: X   (Time: 15 Min + 2 1/2 Hrs)   Marks: 40

Instructions:

I. This question paper consists of 4 Parts (I, II, III, IV).

II. Answer all the questions.

III. Internal choice is given to all the questions of Part-I Select one from each question and answer.

IV. 15 minutes are given to read the question paper and 2 hrs. 30 mints. for writing answers (Tot: 2.45 hrs)

PART - I

Instructions:

I. Answer all the questions. (4 X 4 =16)

II. Each question has internal choice. Select one from the question and answer.

III. Each question carries 4 marks.

IV. Each question is to be answered in 8 to 10 sentences.

1 (A) How the Himalayas are useful to our country?

OR.

(B) What are the effects of changes in the methods of farming on the economy of our country?

2. Read the following paragraph and write your opinion.

A. In many parts of the country, girls education is still given less priority by the parents as compared to boy's education. While girls may study for a few years, they may not complete their schooling. A welcome trend in Himachal Pradesh is lower gender bias. Himachali parents have arbitious educational goals for their girls, just as for their boys. Thus in the 13-18 age group, a very high percentage of girsl are completing class VIII and moving to secondary classes. This doesn't mean there are no differences in the status of men and women, but the differences are less as compared to many other regions, particularly north Indian states.

OR

B. A village may have tanks, ponds, lakes, as surface storages. Most villages in India draw water from wells and tube wells. They are dependent on ground water. These inflows and storages are connected while some of the water flowing in is used directly, one part of this is recharging or replenishing the storage. Similarly, the use of tube wells draws water from storages, and lowers the water available in them. Depending on comparative rates of inflow and outflow, we can judge what is happening to the stock of water over many years. The question that we face today is the deplation of ground water storages and a tendency not to care about the availability of or future generations.

* Read the above paragraph and write the measures required for ground water conservation?

3. Explain the consequences that will emerge due to the indiscriminate use of chemical fertilizers?

4. Draw the map of India and identify Nagarjuna Sagar and Western Ghats in it?

PART - II

Instructions:

I. Answer all the questions.

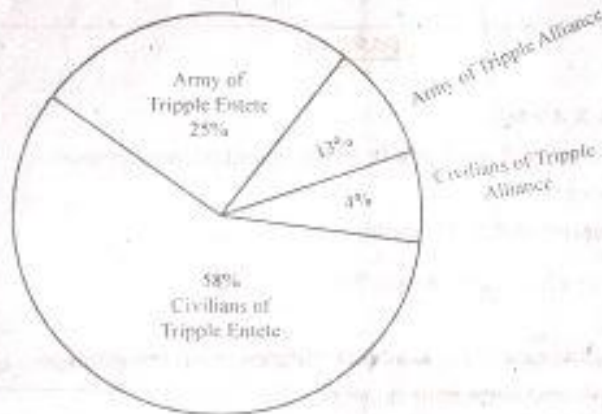II. Each question carries 2 marks.

III. Each question is to be answered

Instructions:

1. Answer all the questions.
2. Each question carries two marks.
3. Each question is to be answered 4 to 5 sentences.

GDP ? (handwritten)

5. What kind of changes were brought in the balance of power after the Second World Wars?
6. What were the benefits gained by the American citizens due to "The New Deal"? — *Chinography* (handwritten)
7. Mention some of the basic principles of Indian Constitution. — *English Perennial Rivers* (handwritten)

* Observe the Pie Chart given below and answer the questions that follows: *Peninsular Rive* (handwritten)

Deaths related to Second World War

Army of Tripple Estete 25%

Army of Tripple Alliance

13%

Civilians of Tripple Alliance

4%

58% Civilians of Tripple Entete

8. a) The highest deaths in Second World War were recorded of? *58% Civilians of Tripple Ente* (handwritten)
   b) What would be the reasons for the less deaths in the countries of Tripple Alliance? — *(own) b'ces They have good relat.* (handwritten)

9. Write any two slogans which shows measures to be taken up to control the road accidents.

10. Write few sentences appreciating those blood donators who donates blood to the patients in emergency situations?

1. Answer all the questions.
2. Eahc question carries one mark.
3. Each question is to be answered in one or two sentences.

11. Who is responsible to conduct the elections throughout the country.

* Observe the chronological table gives below and answer the questions that fallows:

Decade	Asia	South Asia
1950-60	Bandung Conference (1955)	Formation of Indian Republic (1955)
1960-70	Formation of Palastina Libera--tion Authority (1964) War of Vietnam (1965-73)	The election of Sirimao Bandaru Nayake as the world's first women Prime Minister (1960)
1970	The Iranian ruler, 'Shah' was dethroned	The emergence of Bangladesh as the independendent state (1971)
1980-90	Demonstration of students of Beijing asking Democracy (1989)	Bhopal Gas leakage tragedy (1984)
1990-2000	Gulf War	Nuclear Tests conducted by India & Pakisthan

12. Who was the first women Prime Minister in the world? Sirimao Bandaru Nayake

13. The Palastina Liberation Authority is formed in which year? 1964

14. Which country had conducted the nuclear tests alongwith India? Pakisthan

15. 'Shah' was the ruler of which state? The Iranian Ruler

Europe Political Map

* Observe the Political Map of Europe and answer the following questions:

16. Which sea is situated between Russia and Turkey.

17. Name the biggest state on the Western side of Germany? France

Name of the Student:..   Roll No..............

PART - IV

Instructions:

1) Answer all the questions.
2) Each question carries 1/2 mark.
3) Each question has four options. Selecte the correct answer and write in the bracket before it.

18. Which of the given below is the first International Association   (B)

  A) United Nations Organisation B)League of Nations C) ASEAN   D) NATO

19. Eric Hobsman is a   (A)

  A) Scientist   B) Army Officer   C) Historian   D) Agitator

20. 'Ashwitz' is a $\frac{1}{2}$ (D)

  A) Valley   B) Mountain   C) River   D) Center for killing

21. "New Deal" was declared by   (A)

  A) Rooswelt   Wudro Wilson   C) John Marshal   D) Stalin

22. Chairman of the Constitutional Drafting Committee   (C)

  A) Minu Masani   B) Peelu Modi   C) Dr. Ambedkar   D) P.C.Setna

23. The Prime Minister of India after Jawaharlal Nehru   (C)

  A) Morarji Desai   B) V.P.Singh C) Lal Bahadur Shastri   D) Indira Gandhi

24. The party which came to power after the 1977 general elections   (B)

  A) B.J.P.   B) Janata Party   C) Janata Dal   D) Janata Dal

25. "Richstag" is the assembly of   ( )

  A) Poland   B) Japan   C) Germany   D) Russia $\frac{1}{2}$

26. Which of the following words is added to the preamble of our constitution later   (D)

  A) Secular   B) Equality   C) Soverign   D) Democracy

27. Dual citizenship is in force in which of the following countries   (A)

  A) America   B) England   C) India   D) None of the above

DISTRICT COMMON EXAMINATION BOARD
SUMMATIVE - ASSESSMENT - I (2015-16)
SOCIAL STUDIES - Paper - II (English Medium)

Class: X   (Time: 15 Min + 2 1/2 Hrs)   Marks: 40

General Instructions:

I. This question paper consists of 4 Parts (I, II, III, IV).
II. Answer all the questions.
III. Internal choice is given to all the questions of Part-I. Select one from each question and answer.
IV. 15 minutes are given to read the question paper and 2 hrs. 30 mints, for writing answers. (Tot: 2.45 hrs)

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PART - I

Instructions:

I. Each question carries four marks. (4 X 4 =16)
II. Each question has internal choice. Select one from the question and answer.
III. Answer all the questions.
IV. Each question is to be answered in 8 to 10 sentences.

1. A. How do you support the arguement that the restrictions imposed by the Versailles. Treaty Led to the Second World War?

(Or)

B. What are the provisions in our constitution that facilitates social change?

2. A. Read the following paragraph and write a comment.

Hitler advised a new style of politics. He understood the importance of rituals and spectacles to mobilise the masses. Nazies create a sense of unity among people. The Red banners with Swasthika, the Nazi Salute, and the ritual sounds of applause after the speeches were all part of this display of powers. Hitler mobilised his supporters by promising to establish the racial supremacy of Aryan Germans over the world. He also targetted minority communities like Jews as the main cause of all problems. He promised to build a strong state which would fight with both of them. He appealed especially to the middle class who felt threatened by capitalism and the great depression.

(Or)

D.S.Seth, while discussing on a issue in Constituent Assembly said, "Sir, our Indian Republic should have been a Union, Union of small autonomous republics. The union that would have been formed in our country in this way, would not have required so much emphasis on centralisation as our learned Dr. Ambedkar has said. Centralisation is good thing and is useful at times but we forgot that all through his life Mahatma Gandhi emphasised the fact that too much centralisation of power makes that power totalitarian and takes it towards fascist ideas.

* Write a comment on above paragraph.

3. Appreciate the unity displayed among Hindus and Muslims during the Moharram Festival.

4. Draw the map of Asia and identify Japan and India.

5. What is "Weather"?
6. Mention the activities of different sectors of an economy?
7. How is Chota Nagpur plateau is different compared to the Gangetic plains?
* Read the below table answer the questions that follows

Cropping patterns in India (in Million Hectores)

Years	1999 - 1991	2003 - 04	2009 - 10
Total area of crops	185.74	129.87	129.20
Net sown Area	143.00	140.71	140.02
Area under total agriculture crops	141.03	142.12	141.06
Area under Non food crops	44.71	47.55	51.14
Net irrigated Area	48.02	57.05	63.26

8. a) In which year the total Area of crops is highest?
    b) What would be the reasons for the growth of Net irrigated Area?
9. Make a pmphlet to show how to make people ready to fight the communicable diseases in rainy reasons specially in rural areas?
10. Appreciate the measures taken by "Vinayaka Mandals" to control the wastages of electric power during the Vinayaka Chavithi festival?

PART - III

Instructions:

I. All questions carries 1 mark.

II. Answer all the questions.

III. Answer is to be written in one or two sentences.

11. What kind of winds are "Loo"?

* Read the below table and answer the question chart follows.

The Readers of important News papers in India

Rank	Name of News Paper	Language	No. of Readers
1	The Times of India	English	33,14,493
2	Dainik Jagaran	Hindi	26,74,304
3	Malayala Manorama	Malayalam	21,29,934
4	Hindusthan	Hindi	18,43,608
5	Eenadu	Telugu	17,37,086

(Source: Audit Bureau of circulations July, December 2012)

12. Which news paper has the highest number of readers? (English) 33,14493

13. The Daily news paper having highest readers is published in which language? 2nd

14. What is the number of readers of the news paper, Eenadu? 17,37,086

15. Malayala Manorama has more readers than Hindusthan and Eenadu. Guess the reasons.

Read the Indian map given to you and answer the following questions

16. What is the length of India from North to South directions?

17. What is the Indian Standard Meridian?

PART - IV

Instructions:
1. Answer all the questions
2. Each question carries 1/2 mark.
3. Each question has four options. Select the correct one and write in the brackets before it

18. The Himalayas are broader in _____ region.   (C) B

   A) East   B) West   C) North   D) North East

19. The region which is more porous is   (   ) A

   A) Babar   B) Bhanga   C) Terai   D) Kalhar

20. The Human Development Index is published by   (   ) D

   A) Amnesty International   B) UNICEF

   C) UNO   D) None of the above

21. The ideas Human Development is expanded by taking into the consideration the   (   ) B

   A) Social indicators   B) Per Capita income

   C) National income   D) All of the above

22. The market value of all the final goods and services produced is recorded by   (D)

   A) N.N.P.   B) M.K.P.   C) N.D.P.   D) G.D.P.

23. The industrial and service sector have to be increased in   (   ) C

   A) Production   B) Consumption

   C) Employment   D) Trade

24. Climographs indicates   (A) B

   A) Atmospheric pressure   B) Precipitation

   C) Speed of winds   D) Cyclones

25. The temperature is highest at _____   (   ) A

   A) $33°$ North Lattitude   B) $37°$ North Lattitude

   C) $43°$ South Lattitude   D) $47°$ South Lattitude

26. Western disturbances are cyclonic depressions comes from: (B) C

   A) The Indian Ocean   B) Bay of Bengal

   C) The Mediterranean   D) Kaspean Sea

27. The labour who need protection and support is   (   ) A

   A) Street vendors   B) Engineers in construction

   C) Govt. Teacher   D) Sector Employee of the Defence Ministry